Subject: Maths

	Year 8 - Novice	Year 8 - Capable	
Term 1	 Students should be able to: Know division facts for multiplication tables up to 12x12 Know how to divide by ½ Find fractions of amounts Add and subtract simple fractions with and without a calculator Work interchangeably with terminating decimals and their corresponding fractions (such as 3.5 and 7/2 or 0.375 or 3/8) Order decimals and fractions Use the symbols =, ≠, <, >, ≤, ≥ Calculate percentage changes Express one quantity as a percentage of another Understand and use place value for decimals, measures and integers of any size Use the four operations, including formal written methods, applied to integers and decimals Use conventional notation for the priority of operations: BIDMAS Round to the nearest 1 or 2 decimal places Use approximation through rounding to estimate answers Identify HCF and LCM of pairs of numbers less than 100 by listing Simplify expressions involving the laws of indices. Understand and use the concepts and vocabulary of expressions, and terms Simplify algebraic expressions to maintain by: collecting like terms and multiplying a single term over a bracket Use algebraic methods to solve linear equations in one variable 	 Students should be able to: Use short division to divide two and three digit numbers by a one or two digit number Use the four operations, including formal written methods, applied to proper and improper fractions Work interchangeably with terminating decimals and their corresponding fractions (such as 3.5 and 7/2 or 0.375 or 3/8) Work with percentages greater than 100% Solve problems involving percentage change, including: percentage increase, decrease and simple interest in financial mathematics Compare two quantities using percentage Order positive and negative integers, decimals and fractions Find the reciprocal of a number Round numbers to significant figures Use approximation through rounding to estimate answers Write prime factors using indices Use Venn diagrams and product of primes to find HCF and LCM Simplify expressions involving positive and negative laws of indices Simplify algebraic expressions by collecting like terms, multiplying a single term over a bracket and taking out common factors Solve linear equations with integer coefficients where the unknown appears on both sides of the equation Solve linear inequalities in one variable; represent the solution set on a number line 	Students should be abl Convert mix Use the four improper fra Use fraction Interpret a p Express one Calculate re Add, subtrar Interpret an or zero Estimate cal Decide wher Work out a Calculate va Simplify alge Rearrange fr Use algebra one or both Substitute p
Term 2	 Students should be able to: Use ratio notation, including reduction to simplest form Divide a given quantity into a ratio Know and use standard metric and imperial measures Recall and use conversions for metric measures for length Understand speed and know the relationship between speed, distance and time Calculate perimeter and area of triangles, parallelograms and composite shapes made of rectangles and triangles Calculate volume of cuboids (including cubes) Recognise arithmetic, geometric sequences and appreciate other sequences that arise. Generate terms of a sequence from a position-to-term rule (nth term) Work with coordinates in all four quadrants Produce graphs of linear functions of one variable using equations in x and y Transform 2D shapes using translations, reflections and rotations 	 Students should be able to: Divide a given quantity into a ratio Solve problems involving direct proportion Work out conversions for units of area and volume/capacity Understand speed and know the relationship between speed, distance and time Calculate the perimeter and area of triangles, parallelograms, trapezia and composite shapes Calculate and solve problems involving volume of cuboids (including cubes) Recognise arithmetic, geometric sequences and appreciate other sequences that arise. Recognise arithmetic sequences and find the nth term Produce graphs of linear functions of one variable using equations in x and y Interpret real life graphs Transform 2D shapes using translations, reflections and rotations Construct similar shapes by enlargement 	 Students should be able Represent the represent the represent the Relate ratios Solve proble Understand pay, and der Work out the Work out the 1/8). Work out the Recognise the Re-arrange at Find approximation of the problematic strength of the second strength of the
Term 3	 Students should be able to: Apply the properties of: angles at a point, angles on a straight line and vertically opposite angles Know the sum of angles in a triangle and a quadrilateral Calculate probabilities of events Understand the difference between theoretical and experimental probability Draw sample space diagrams and use these to calculate probabilities understand that there are different types of data: Construct and interpret appropriate tables, frequency tables, bar charts, pictograms and pie charts Find the mode, median and mean for a discrete frequency distribution Identify the properties of quadrilaterals, triangles and circles Know the properties of faces, surfaces, edges and vertices of 3D shapes. Use scale factors, scale diagrams and angles in geometric figures Identify lines that are perpendicular 	 Students should be able to: Apply the properties of: angles at a point, angles on a straight line and vertically opposite angles Know the sum of angles in a triangle and a quadrilateral Understand and use the relationship between parallel lines and alternate and corresponding angles Understand that the probabilities of all possible outcomes sum to 1 Understand the difference between theoretical and experimental probability Draw sample space diagrams and use these to calculate probabilities Construct and interpret appropriate tables, charts, pictograms. pie charts and frequency tables and bar charts for discrete and continuous (grouped data) Describe, interpret and compare data for discrete, continuous and grouped data Identify the properties of quadrilaterals, triangles, circles and other plane figures Know the properties of faces, surfaces, edges and vertices of 3D shapes. Use scale factors, scale diagrams and maps Derive and use the standard ruler and compass constructions: 	Students should be abl Work out m interior angl Understand Apply angle Understand Shade areas Solve simple Calculate an is an estimat Draw a scatt Recognise au Use Pythago Construct a

Year 8 - Expert

able to:

nixed numbers to improper fraction

- our operations, including formal written methods, applied to proper and
- fractions, and mixed numbers, both positive and negative
- ons, decimals or percentages to find quantities
- a percentage increase or decrease as a multiplier
- ne quantity as a percentage of another
- reverse percentages
- ract, multiply and divide with negative integers
- and compare numbers in standard form A x 10ⁿ, where n is a positive integer
- calculation given in standard form
- hether a number is a square or cube from its prime factors
- a root of a number from a product of prime factors.
- values using fractional indices
- algebraic expressions by expanding products of two binomials
- e formulae to change the subject
- braic methods to solve linear equations in one variable with the unknown on
- oth sides (including all forms that require rearrangement)
- e positive numbers into a complex formula.

able to:

- t the ratio of two quantities in direct proportion as a linear relationship and the relationship graphically
- tios to fractions and use linear equations to solve problems.
- blems involving direct and inverse proportion
- nd and use compound measures and compound units including speed, rates of density
- the area of a circle, given the radius or diameter
- the area of semicircles, quarter circles and simple fractions of a circle (e.g.
- the volume of a cylinder
- e that the general equation of a linear graph is y=mx+c
- ge a given linear equation in two variables to the standard form y = mx + c roximate solutions using the point of intersection of two straight lines
- translations as 2D vectors
- enlargements stating the scale factor and the centre of enlargement

able to:

- missing angles using properties of alternate angles, corresponding angles and ngles
- nd the consequent properties of parallelograms
- le facts and properties of quadrilaterals to solve problems
- nd set notation for a Venn diagrams
- eas on a Venn diagram involving at most two sets
- ple problems given a Venn diagram
- an estimate of the mean for a grouped frequency distribution, knowing why it mate
- catter diagram
- e and name positive, negative or no correlation as types of correlation
- agoras' Theorem to solve problems involving right-angled triangles
- t a perpendicular bisector of a given line
- a perpendicular at a given point on a given line